

# INDOOR AIR QUALITY RETROFIT FOR PRESCHOOL

## A Case Study

#### **AREAS OF FOCUS**





CARBON DIOXIDE **RELATIVE HUMIDITY** 

#### **OVERVIEW**

AirAdvice for Homes tested the indoor air quality at Mrs. Teapot's Tiny Tots preschool in Portland, Oregon. Multiple IAQ issues were discovered and equipment was installed by AirAdvice to reduce contaminants to within acceptable levels. Post testing was then conducted to measure the effectiveness of the equipment installed.

#### **IAQ TEST RESULTS**











**HIGH LEVELS** of harmful particles **HIGH LEVELS** of CO2

**HIGH LEVELS** of harmful chemicals

FI FV/ATED moisture levels

AirAdvice first conducted an IAQ test to baseline the project. Six IAQ parameters were tested; four were found to have high levels. Concentrations of particulate matter, airborne chemicals (VOCs), carbon dioxide, and relative humidity were above recommended thresholds established by industry standards.

### **IAQ SOLUTIONS**

New equipment installed:

- **MERV 11 Whole House Media Filter**
- Heat Recovery Ventilator (HRV)
- **UV Treatment System** •
- Programmable thermostat



#### **BUILDING FEATURES**

Location: Portland, OR

Style: 1950s single-family bungalow home

**Basement:** Full finished basement

**Square Footage:** 1800 sq ft

**HVAC:** Heating forced air Cooling central air

#### **OCCUPANT DETAILS**

**Occupants:** Owners & 2 small dogs 7-10 children during work hours

**Initial Concern:** Air quality for the owners and daycare

**Health Concern:** Allergies and a challenging environment for indoor air



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#### PARTICULATE MATTER (PM)

The weekly average level of particulate matter found at the preschool was 17 micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m<sup>3</sup>), almost twice the acceptable level. Elevated particle levels are known to trigger asthma and allergy symptoms. Cooking and other combustion activities are the most common sources of PM in homes.



#### AIRBORNE CHEMICAL POLLUTANTS (VOCs)

The average concentration of VOCs were found to be 2637  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> — over **five times** the acceptable level of 500  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup>. Airborne chemicals can trigger allergies and asthma. Common sources include building materials, furniture and cleaning supplies.



#### CARBON DIOXIDE (CO<sub>2</sub>)

The weekly average concentration of  $CO_2$  was 1456 ppm — over twice the recommended maximum. High  $CO_2$  environments have been shown to diminish cognitive function in healthy adults. The primary cause of excessive  $CO_2$  is inadequate ventilation.



#### RELATIVE HUMIDITY

The average weekly level was 64%, with daytime peaks nearing 70%. Humid environments can support growth of dust mites and mold. Relative humidity should be kept between 35-60% according to ASHRAE (The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers).





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New equipment installed:

- MERV 11 Whole House Media Filter
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### SOLUTIONS FOR IAQ POLLUTANTS

High particulate levels were addressed by installing a MERV 11 filtration cabinet designed to capture particles less than 10 microns, the size range that causes health problems.

The post-test results revealed the concentration of these particles decreased by more than half.

VOCs were reduced by 99% by using a combination of two different technnologies.

→ A heat recovery ventilator (HRV) was installed to bring in outside air which diluted indoor concentrations of pollutants.

The HRV also reduced  $CO_2$  levels 46%, from 1456ppm to 726ppm. By bringing in outside air with a  $CO_2$  level of about 400ppm, and exhausting stale air, the HRV diluted  $CO_2$  to acceptable levels. In addition, the HRV recovered heat from the outgoing air stream and transferred that heat to the incoming air stream, providing energy efficient ventilation. Potential mold growth was addressed by the installation of a UV light in the coil.

## CONCLUSIONS

AirAdvice Test	Pre	Acceptable Level	Post	% Change
Particluates (µg/m³)	17	10	9	- 47%
VOC (µg/m³)	2637	500	33	- 99%
CO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	1456	750	726	- 49%
Temperature (F)	68	70	69	n/a
Ralative Humidity (%)	64	35-60	51	- 13%
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	1	6	0	n/a

- Particles were brought down by upgrading to a MERV 11 filter and increasing furnace fan runtime.
- The HRV reduces both VOC and CO<sub>2</sub> levels.
- New thermostat allowed for precise control of furnace fan run-time to get maximum benefit from IAQ equipment.
- Solutions installed are both simple and effective.





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#### **SUMMARY**

Four of the six IAQ parameters tested exceeded acceptable levels based on health guidelines. Despite the high levels found, no one recognized the health threat before the testing revealed them. The problems found in the preschool were typical of regular, everyday homes, but were exaggerated by the high level of occupancy. Homeowners may not be aware of health risks associated with indoor air pollutants, the solutions available and how they could benefit from these solutions.

The owner of the preschool noticed the change in air quality immediately after the IAQ equipment was installed. She now touts the new system to parents considering enrollment at the preschool and reassures parents that their children can spend their time in an environment in which they can breathe healthy air.

The added benefit for the owner is energy savings. The HRV installed into the existing ductwork dilutes the concentration of indoor pollutants, but also recovers energy by using the latent heat in the outgoing air to temper the incoming air. This is much more energy efficient than a simple exhaust fan which relies on leaks in the house to bring in outside air.

... I stopped taking my two allergy pills before work every day. I also haven't had to use my inhaler at all. Last year, I used to use it about once a month. – Full-time teacher at the preschool

### **ONE YEAR AFTER INSTALLATION**

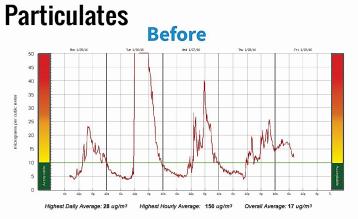
One year after installation, two teachers were interviewed to discuss results. One full-time teacher stated "I noticed things were different about a month after the project. That's when I stopped taking my two allergy pills before work every day. I also haven't had to use my inhaler at all. Last year, I used to use it about once a month." The other teacher talked about missed work being reduced. "What I noticed ... is that she used to use all of her sick days by March! She doesn't need to take them anymore."

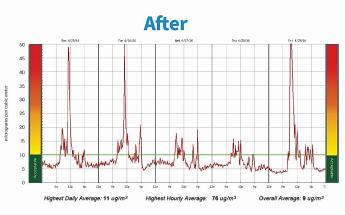
The most profound impact, however, may be upon preventing chronic illness for the children that attend the school. Environmental triggers such as VOCs, particulates, and high humidity contribute to the development of asthma and allergies, especially in sensitive populations like children.



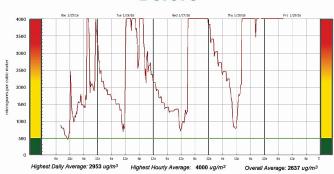
#### **PRESCHOOL TEST RESULTS**

parts per

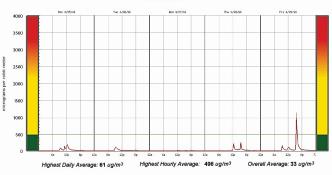




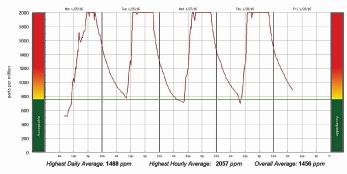
#### Chemical Pollutants (VOCs) Before

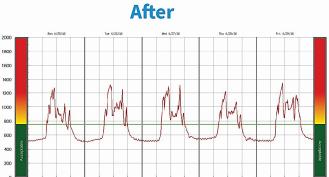


After



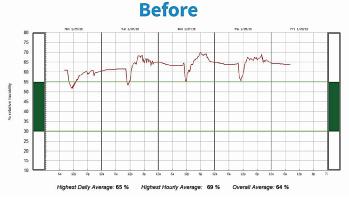
#### Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Before





Overall Average: 726 ppm

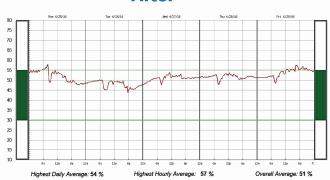
## **Relative Humidity**



After

Highest Hourly Average:

1285 ppm





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Highest Daily Average: 755 ppm